

HIPAA & Research Authorizations/consents

All of the requirements of 45 CFR 46, PLUS:

- >Who may use or disclose the information
- ➤ Who may receive the information
- >Purpose of the use or disclosure
- Expiration date or event
- > Re-disclosures not protected

Common Rule + HIPAA = Extra Protections

- 1. Pre-enrollment Phase (1st. Contact with PHI)
- 2. Subjects Become ACTIVE Partner on use of their PHI
- 3. Minimum Use of PHI & Protect Confidentiality
- 4. Disclosures Tracked
- 5. Exception: TPO (treatment/payment/operation)

Clinical Care IS NOT

Clinical Research

They are subjects not patients

They are investigational drugs not medicine

There is no therapy, no treatment

IRB Approval is for a maximum of 1 year

➤ The year ends at 12:01 AM on the termination day

≻OHRP allows **NO** extensions, not even 5 seconds!

When You Need an Adult Consent for a Pediatric Study.

➤ If your pediatric subject turns 18, then you need to reconsent the subject as an adult with an adult consent form.

➤ You must also remember to retain pediatric data until the pediatric subject becomes 21 &/or 6 years post study whichever is longer.

Data Retention Requirements

- > OHRP: 45 CFR 46.115: 3 years post study
- > FDA: 21 CFR 56.115: 3 years post study
 - > 2 years following the date of marketing application approval for IND
- > HIPAA: 6 years
- > IRB Policy: 3 years or in case of pediatric research till child is 21.